

Bill no.:	<u>Committee Print</u>
Amendment no.:	<u>8</u>
Date offered:	<u>3/19/03</u>
Disposition:	<u>Withdrawn</u>

**AMENDMENT TO THE COMMITTEE
OFFERED BY MR. BURR**

At the end of subtitle B of title IV add the following
new section:

1 SEC. 4031. MEDICAL ISOTOPE PRODUCTION.

2 Section 134 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
3 U.S.C. 2160d) is amended—

4 (1) by redesignating subsection b. as subsection
5 f.;

6 (2) by inserting after subsection a. the fol-
7 lowing:

8 “b. The Commission may issue a license authorizing
9 the export (including shipment to and use at intermediate
10 and ultimate consignees specified in the license) to a Re-
11 cipient Country of highly enriched uranium for medical
12 isotope production if, in addition to any other require-
13 ments of this Act, the Commission determines that—

14 “(1) a Recipient Country that supplies an as-
15 surance letter to the United States Government in
16 connection with the Commission’s consideration of
17 the export license application has informed the
18 United States Government that any intermediate
19 consignees and the ultimate consignee specified in
20 the application are required to use such highly en-

1 riched uranium solely to produce medical isotopes;

2 and

3 “(2) the highly enriched uranium for medical
4 isotope production will be irradiated only in a reac-
5 tor in a Recipient Country that—

6 “(A) uses an alternative nuclear reactor
7 fuel; or

8 “(B) is the subject of an agreement with
9 the United States Government to convert to an
10 alternative nuclear reactor fuel when such fuel
11 can be used in that reactor.

12 “c. Applications to the Commission for licenses au-
13 thorizing the export to a Recipient Country of highly en-
14 riched uranium for medical isotope production shall be
15 subject to subsection b., and subsection a. shall not be ap-
16 plicable to such exports.

17 “d. The Commission is authorized to specify, by rule,
18 making or decision in connection with an export license
19 application, that a country other than a Recipient Country
20 may receive exports of highly enriched uranium for med-
21 ical isotope production in accordance with the same cri-
22 teria established by subsection b. for exports to a Recipi-
23 ent Country, upon the Commission’s finding that such ad-
24 ditional country is a party to the Treaty on the Non-
25 proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and the Convention on

1 the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material and will re-
2 ceive such highly enriched uranium pursuant to an agree-
3 ment with the United States concerning peaceful uses of
4 nuclear energy.

5 “e. The Commission shall review the adequacy of
6 physical protection requirements that are currently appli-
7 cable to the transportation of highly enriched uranium for
8 medical isotope production. If it determines that addi-
9 tional physical protection measures are necessary, includ-
10 ing any limits that the Commission finds are necessary
11 on the quantity of highly enriched uranium contained in
12 a single shipment for medical isotope production, the Com-
13 mission shall impose such requirements, as license condi-
14 tions or through other appropriate means.”; and

15 (3) in subsection f., as so redesignated by para-
16 graph (1) of this section—

17 (A) by striking “and” at the end of para-
18 graph (2);

19 (B) by striking the period at the end of
20 paragraph (3)(B) and inserting a semicolon;
21 and

22 (C) by adding at the end the following:

23 “(4) the term ‘medical isotopes’ means radio-
24 active isotopes, including Molybdenum 99, Iodine
25 131, and Xenon 133, that are used to produce radio-

1 pharmaceuticals for diagnostic or therapeutic proce-
2 dures on patients, or in connection with research
3 and development of radiopharmaceuticals;

4 “(5) the term ‘highly enriched uranium for
5 medical isotope production’ means highly enriched
6 uranium contained in, or for use in, targets to be ir-
7 radiated for the sole purpose of producing medical
8 isotopes;

9 “(6) the term ‘radiopharmaceuticals’ means ra-
10 dioactive isotopes containing byproduct material
11 combined with chemical or biological material that
12 are designed to accumulate temporarily in a part of
13 the body, for therapeutic purposes or for enabling
14 the production of a useful image of the appropriate
15 body organ or function for use in diagnosis of med-
16 ical conditions; and

17 “(7) the term ‘Recipient Country’ means Can-
18 ada, Belgium, France, Germany, and the Nether-
19 lands.”.